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Organizing a merger investigation from the perspective of EU national competition authority: The EU experience II

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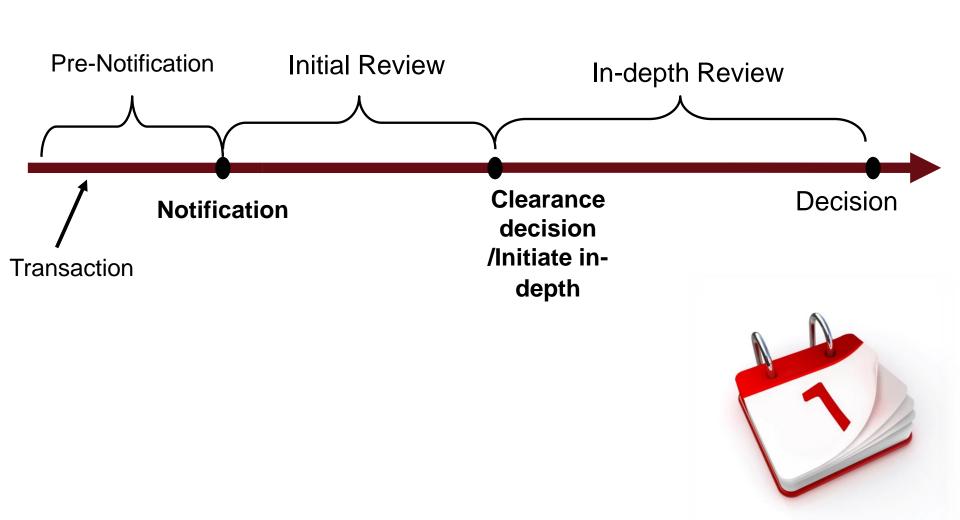


Agenda

1	The different stages of a merger case
2	Initiation of a merger investigation
3	Timing
4	EU or NCA?
5	Using files/information from previous mergers in same sector
6	Multiple notifications – international cooperation

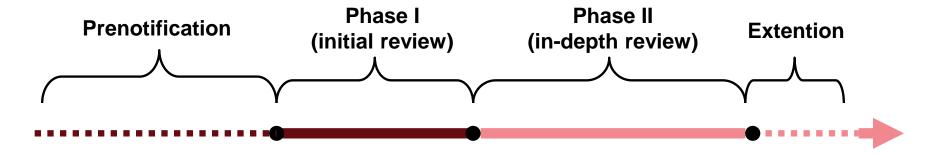


1. The different stages of a merger case





2. Initiation of a merger investigation



» Allocation of caseteam

- » Simple merger
 - » 1 casehandler
- » "Normal" merger
 - » Depends but at least 1 lawyer and 1 economist (on average 4-5)
 - » External advisors? Primarily used by the notifying parties



2.1. Initiation of a merger investigation – Prenotification phase

- » What can this phase be used for?
 - » Discuss with the parties and initiation of authority's work:
 - » Whether or not a planned transaction is a merger
 - » What information is necessary for the actual notification
 - » Preliminary discussions on market definitions, theories of harm, and potential remedies.
 - » Start planning the handling of the notification
 - » Start research
- » IF parties make use of pre-notification, it may lead to a more efficient review of the merger; e.g. preventing indepth analysis



3. Timing

- » Time is of the essence
 - » Draft a case specific timeline ASAP
 - » Based on a standard incl. mandatory deadlines and relevant tasks

Examples of mandatory deadlines

- •If simplified notification
- \Rightarrow requirements met?
- •Deadline for Phase I-decision/ decision to initiate Phase II
- •Deadline for Phase II-decision

Examples of relevant tasks

- Allocation of case team
- Stamp, date & acknowledge receipt
- •Assess information in notification
- ⇒ complete? (e.g. paid filing fee, all the information required by the filing form submitted, the relevant documents required submitted, documents legible?)
- \Rightarrow jurisdiction?
- ⇒ the parties & their products/ services
- ⇒ initiate market investigations
- ⇒potential theories of harm
- •Access to file requests (i.e. parties & non-parties requesting to see (some of) the authority's case file)
- •Issuance of Statement of Objections (i.e. the authority's outline to the parties stating the identified competition issues)



4. EU or NCA?

From EU to NCA			
Before notification	After notification		
➤ The notifying parties may request referal	➤NCA may request referal		

From NCA to EU			
Before notification	After notification		
➤The notifying parties may request referal	NCA may request referal if the concentration affects trade between Member States		



5. Using files/information from previous mergers in same sector

- » Sectors with frequent mergers (and antitrust cases)
 - » Gathering information in general
 - » Opdating when assessing cases
 - » Using information re market players from previous cases, if applicable
 - » Using analysis from previous cases, if applicable

» Danish experience:

- » Investigative offices organized by sector (including merger review)
- » Often the same case team will review the mergers in a sector
- » E.g. the Danish banking sector
 - » Every year collecting relevant turnover information
 - » Often using information and analysis from recent cases in the banking sector

» Italian experience:

- » Investigative offices organized by sector (including merger review)
- » Often the same case team will review the mergers in a sector (example banking recent wave of mergers in the Italian market)



6. Multiple notifications – international cooperation

» European Competition Authorities (ECA)

» New Best Practices

- » Identifies key steps where NCAs should cooperate
 - » Exchanging information re timing
 - » Exchanging information re market definition
 - » Exchanging information re remedies

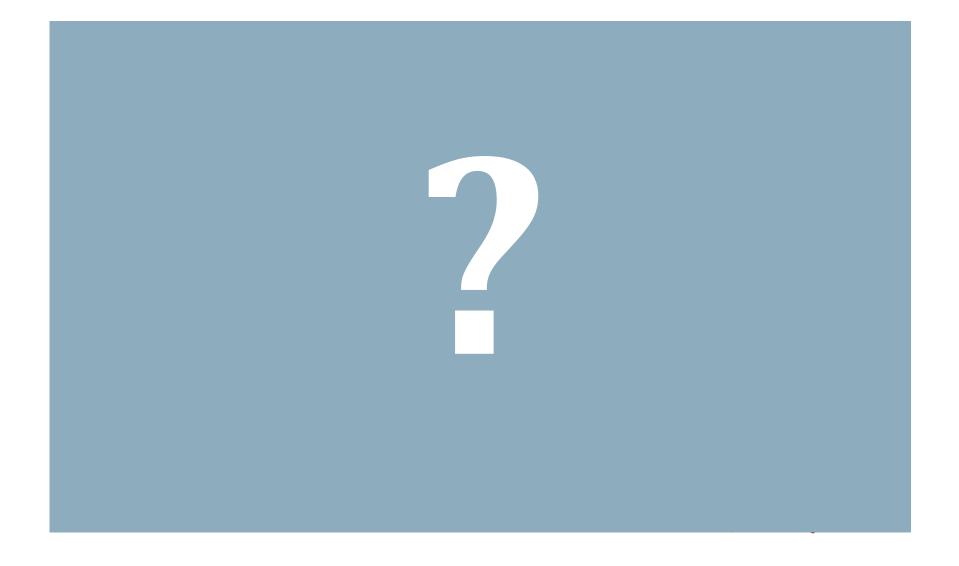
» Danish experience:

» Nordic cooperation agreement

- » May discuss and exhange confidential information and analysis in merger cases
- » Limited experience
- » Normal procedure requesting the information from the parties themselves

» Italian experience:

- » Routinely co-operation, both informal and formal, with both EC and other NCAs on matters such as timing and substantive analysis
- » Limited experience in co-operation on remedies





Thank you for your attention

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